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**PERIODIC TEST 3 EXAMINATION (2021-22)**

**SET2**

**Subject: HISTORY Marks: 35**

**Grade: XII Time: Hrs.**

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| **Name:** | **Section:** | **Roll No:** |

* ***General Instructions:***
* i. This Question paper is divided into four sections-Section A, B, C and D
* ii. All questions are compulsory.
* iii. Section-A: Question no. 1 to 3 are Short Answer type questions of 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
* iv. Section-B: Question no. 4 to 5 are Long Answer type questions, carrying 6 marks. Answer to this question should not exceed 150-200 words.
* v. Section-C: Question no. 6 and 8 are Case Based questions, carrying 4 marks each with subparts.
* vi. Section-D: Question no. 9 is map based, carrying 2 marks
* All answers to be written in answer sheet.

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|  | Section A  Short Answer Type Questions | | | **3x3** |
| 1. | How were chronicles produced during Mughal era? Explain. | | | 3 |
| 2. | Explain the significance of the Damin-i-Koh. | | | 3 |
| 3. | Critically analyse the Fifth Report which was submitted to the British Parliament in 1813. | | | 3 |
|  | Section- B  Long Answer Type Questions | | | 6x2 |
| 4. | How does the Ain-i-Akbari lay down the physical arrangements of the Mughal court? Explain | | | 6 |
| 5. | How did the zamindars resist the pressures of the East India Company? | | | 6 |
|  | Section C  Case Based Questions | | | 4x3 |
| 6. | Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows.  The jotedars of Dinajpur Buchanan described the ways in which the jotedars of Dinajpur in North Bengal resisted being disciplined by the zamindar and undermined his power: Landlords do not like this class of men, but it is evident that they are absolutely necessary, unless the landlords themselves would advance money to their necessitous tenantry … The jotedars who cultivate large portions of lands are very refractory, and know that the zamindars have no power over them. They pay only a few rupees on account of their revenue and then fall in balance almost every kist (instalment), they hold more lands than they are entitled to by their pottahs (deeds of contract). Should the zamindar’s officers, in consequence, summon them to the cutcherry, and detain them for one or two hours with a view to reprimand them, they immediately go and complain at the Fouzdarry Thanna (police station) for imprisonment and at the munsiff ’s (a judicial officer at the lower court) cutcherry for being dishonoured and whilst the causes continue unsettled, they instigate the petty ryots not to pay their revenue consequently …  6.1 Who were the Jotedars? By what names were they known as?  6.2 Mention any two ways by which the Jotedars resisted the authority of the zamindars. | | | 2+2 |
| 7. | Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows.    The Accessible Emperor  In the account of his experiences, Monserrate, who was a member of the first Jesuit mission, says: It is hard to exaggerate how accessible he (Akbar) makes himself to all who wish audience of him. For he creates an opportunity almost every day for any of the common people or of the nobles to see him and to converse with him; and he endeavours to show himself pleasant-spoken and affable rather than severe towards all who come to speak with him. It is very remarkable how great an effect this courtesy and affability has in attaching him to the minds of his subjects.  7.1 Who were Jesuits? How did they establish their network in India?  7.2 How did Monserrate accord his experience about Akbar? | | | 2+2 |
| 8. | Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows.  Nobles at court  The Jesuit priest Father Antonio Monserrate, resident at the court of Akbar, noticed: In order to prevent the great nobles becoming insolent through the unchallenged enjoyment of power, the King summons them to court and gives them imperious commands, as though they were his slaves. The obedience to these commands ill suits their exalted rank and dignity.  8.1 How does the Emperor exercise his authority over the nobles?  8.2 ‘The officer corps of the Mughals were described as bouquet of flowers held together by loyalty to the emperor.’ Justify the statements with any 3 suitable arguments. | | | 1+3 |
| 9. | On an outline map of India two places have been marked as A and B which are territories under Babur and Akbar.  Identify them and write their correct names in the answer sheet. | | | 2 |
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Outline map of India showing the places under Babur and Akbar

Diagram

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